Year 4 - Science

Objective	What it looks like
K - Compare and group materials together, according to whether they are solids, liquids or gases	 Children will have recorded their initial ideas about identifying and grouping solids and liquids (lesson 1). Children will have actively modelled solids, liquids and gases (Lesson 2)
WS - Identifying differences, similarities or changes related to simple scientific ideas and processes	 Children will have observed and described gases (lesson 1). Children will have understood how temperature has an effect on changing states of matter (Lesson 2) capturing evidence on a digital camera
K - Observe that some materials change state when they are heated or cooled, and measure or research the temperature at which this happens in degrees Celsius (°C)	 Children will have investigated melting and freezing (Lesson 3). Children will have investigated how materials can be changed by heating and cooling (Lesson 4)
WS - Setting up simple practical enquiries, comparative and fair tests	Investigate how liquids cool over time (Lesson 3).
WS - Making systematic and careful observations and, where appropriate, taking accurate measurements using standard units, using a range of equipment, including thermometers and data loggers	 Compare the time it takes for an ice cube to melt in air and in water at room temperature (Lesson 3).
K - Identify the part played by evaporation and condensation in the water cycle and associate the rate of evaporation with temperature.	 Children will have investigated evaporation and condensation (Lesson 5).
WS - Reporting on findings from enquiries, including oral and written explanations, displays or presentations of results and conclusions	 Children will have investigated and reported their findings on the water cycle (Lesson 6). Assessment: which type of chocolate will melt the quickest?